

Contraceptive Use, Availability, and Discontinuation by Method

Modern Contraceptive Method Mix			
Long-Acting and Permanent Methods	Sterilization (female)	17.5%	Source 2019-20 MICS
	Sterilization (male)	0.0%	
	IUD	6.0%	
	Implant	9.3%	
Short-Term Methods	Injectable	52.7%	Population All Women
	Pill	11.6%	
	Condom (Male)	1.1%	
	Condom (Female)	0.1%	
	LAM	1.7%	
	Standard Days method	0.0%	
	Other Modern Methods	0.0%	

Percentage of facilities stocked out, by method offered, on the day of assessment			
Long-Acting and Permanent Methods	Sterilization (female)	---	Source ---
	Sterilization (male)	---	
	IUD	---	
	Implant	---	
Short-Term Methods	Injectable	---	Year ---
	Pill	---	
	Condom (Male)	---	
	Condom (Female)	---	
	Emergency Contraception	---	
	Other modern methods	---	

	Value	Source	Year
Percentage of primary SDPs that have at least 3 modern methods of contraception available on day of assessment	---	---	---
Percentage of secondary/tertiary SDPs with at least 5 modern methods of contraception available on day of assessment	---	---	---

Contraceptive Discontinuation Rates and Method Switching (first 12 months)**						
	IUD	Implant	Injectable	Pill	Condom (male)	Source
Discontinuation while in need	---	---	---	---	---	---
Discontinuation while not in need	---	---	---	---	---	---
Total discontinuation (all reasons)	---	---	---	---	---	---
Switching to a different method	---	---	---	---	---	---

Contraceptive Services and Decision-Making

	Value	Source	Population
Method Information Index**	---	---	---
Percentage of women who received family planning information during a contact with a health service provider **	---	---	---
Percent of current modern contraceptive users who last obtained their family planning method from each source (All Methods)			
Public	---	---	---
Private Medical	---	---	---
Other	---	---	---
Percentage of women who decided to use family planning alone or jointly with their husbands/partners	---	---	---

Investment in Family Planning

	Value	Source	Year
Annual expenditure on family planning from government domestic budget (USD \$)	---	---	---

Traditional Contraceptive Use

Source : Family Planning Estimation Tool (FPET)

Traditional Contraceptive Use did not meet the reporting threshold (tCP among Married Women >5% in 2022) and so is not reported for this country.

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
All Women	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Married Women	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Unmarried Women	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes

--- indicates no data post 2012 was available

* Total Users among Married Women and Unmarried Women will not sum exactly to the Total Users among All Women

** Additional disaggregation or details available in the full data set.

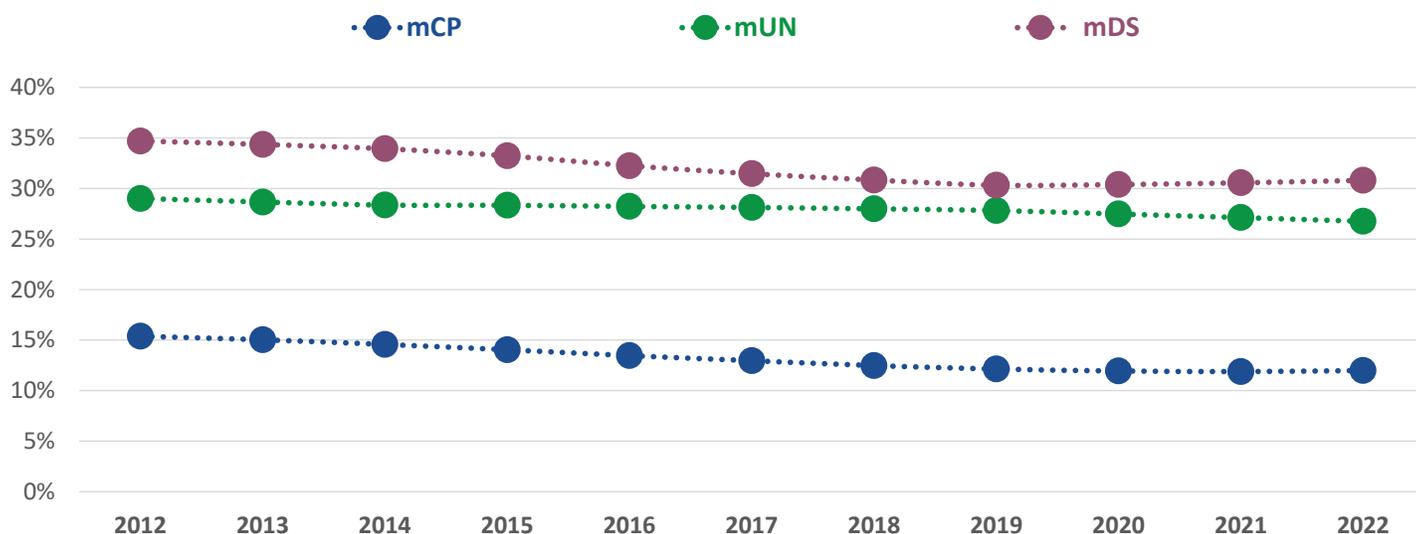


Samoa

FP2030 Country Fact Sheet - 2022

	Estimate for 2012	Estimate for 2022
Total Users of Modern Contraception	6,900	6,100
Modern Contraceptive Prevalence Rate (mCP)	15.4%	12.0%
Unmet Need for Modern Contraception (mUN)	29.0%	26.7%
Demand Satisfied for Modern Contraception (mDS)	34.7%	30.8%

Trends in Contraceptive Use, Unmet Need, and Demand Satisfied (2012-2022)



In 2022, we estimate

6,100

women are using a modern method of contraception in Samoa

As a result of modern contraceptive use:

2,300

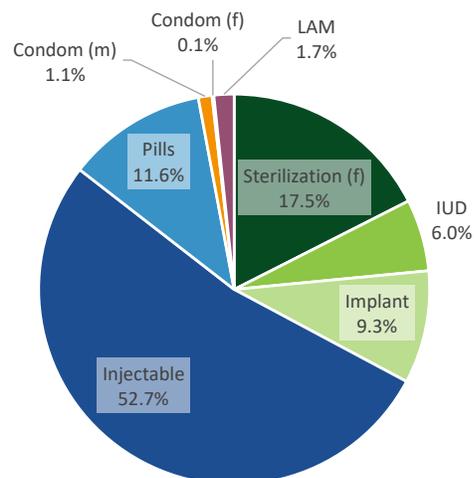
unintended pregnancies prevented

1,100

unsafe abortions averted

-
maternal deaths averted

Modern Contraceptive Method Mix



Source : 2019-20 MICS (All Women)

Data recency: color indicates year of most recent data used to inform estimates

- New : After 2017
- Recent : 2012 to 2017
- Old : Prior to 2012

Note: the population for all indicators is all women of reproductive age (15-49) unless otherwise noted.

Data sourced from FP2030 2022 Measurement Report