

Contraceptive Use, Availability, and Discontinuation by Method

Modern Contraceptive Method Mix			
Long-Acting and Permanent Methods	Sterilization (female)	2.7%	Source 2015 DHS
	Sterilization (male)	0.0%	
	IUD	39.2%	Population All Women
	Implant	0.5%	
Short-Term Methods	Injectable	3.3%	
	Pill	26.9%	
	Condom (Male)	26.0%	
	Condom (Female)	1.2%	
	LAM	0.1%	
Standard Days method	0.0%		
Other Modern Methods	0.1%		

Percentage of facilities stocked out, by method offered, on the day of assessment			
Long-Acting and Permanent Methods	Sterilization (female)	n/a	Source ZAPS
	Sterilization (male)	n/a	
	IUD	19.0%	Year 2021
	Implant	31.0%	
Short-Term Methods	Injectable	4.0%	
	Pill	8.0%	
	Condom (Male)	4.0%	
	Condom (Female)	12.0%	
	Emergency Contraception	23.9%	
Other modern methods	n/a		

	Value	Source	Year
Percentage of primary SDPs that have at least 3 modern methods of contraception available on day of assessment	98%	UNFPA SDP Survey	2021
Percentage of secondary/tertiary SDPs with at least 5 modern methods of contraception available on day of assessment	86%	UNFPA SDP Survey	2021

Contraceptive Discontinuation Rates and Method Switching (first 12 months)**						
	IUD	Implant	Injectable	Pill	Condom (male)	Source
Discontinuation while in need	---	---	---	---	---	---
Discontinuation while not in need	---	---	---	---	---	---
Total discontinuation (all reasons)	---	---	---	---	---	---
Switching to a different method	---	---	---	---	---	---

Contraceptive Services and Decision-Making

	Value	Source	Population
Method Information Index**	44%	2015 DHS	All Women
Percentage of women who received family planning information during a contact with a health service provider **	24%	2015 DHS	All Women
Percent of current modern contraceptive users who last obtained their family planning method from each source (All Methods)			
Public	73%	2015 DHS	---
Private Medical	22%		
Other	5%		
Percentage of women who decided to use family planning alone or jointly with their husbands/partners	93%	2015 DHS	---

Investment in Family Planning

	Value	Source	Year
Annual expenditure on family planning from government domestic budget (USD \$)	\$ 17,928,498	FPSA	2021

Traditional Contraceptive Use

Source : Family Planning Estimation Tool (FPET)

Traditional Contraceptive Use did not meet the reporting threshold (tCP among Married Women >5% in 2022) and so is not reported for this country.

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
All Women	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Married Women	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Unmarried Women	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Notes

--- indicates no data post 2012 was available

* Total Users among Married Women and Unmarried Women will not sum exactly to the Total Users among All Women

** Additional disaggregation or details available in the full data set.

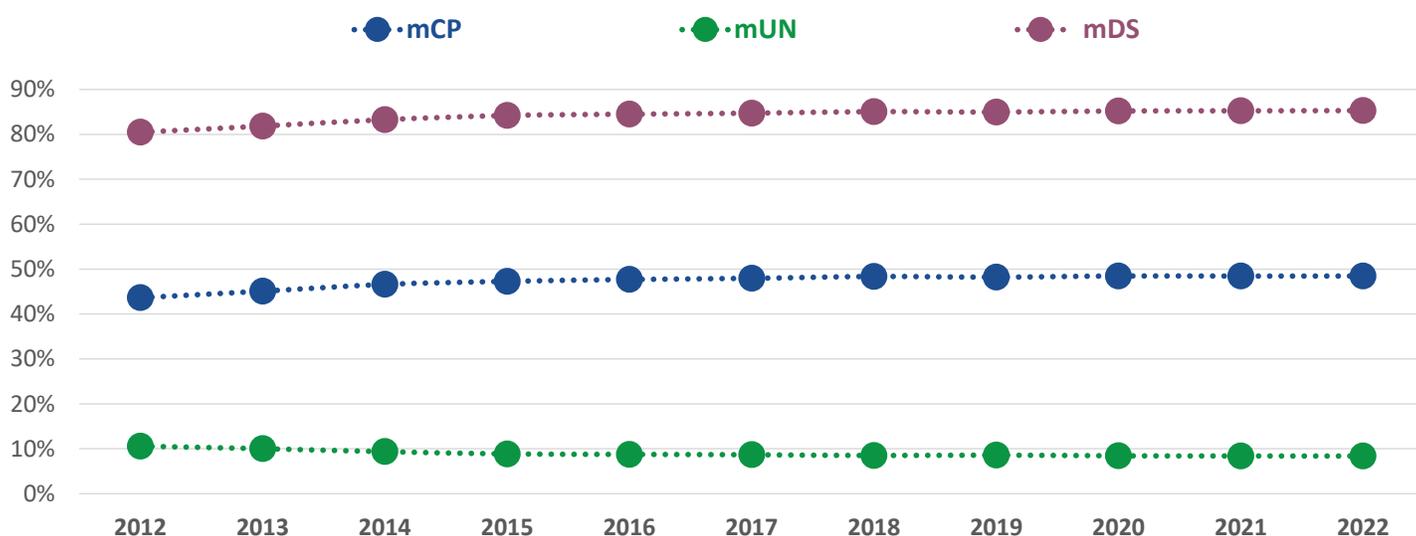


Zimbabwe

FP2030 Country Fact Sheet - 2022

	Estimate for 2012	Estimate for 2022
Total Users of Modern Contraception	1.5 M	2.1 M
Modern Contraceptive Prevalence Rate (mCP)	43.6%	48.5%
Unmet Need for Modern Contraception (mUN)	10.6%	8.4%
Demand Satisfied for Modern Contraception (mDS)	80.5%	85.3%

Trends in Contraceptive Use, Unmet Need, and Demand Satisfied (2012-2022)



In 2022, we estimate

2,140,000

women are using a modern method of contraception in Zimbabwe

As a result of modern contraceptive use:

770,000

unintended pregnancies prevented

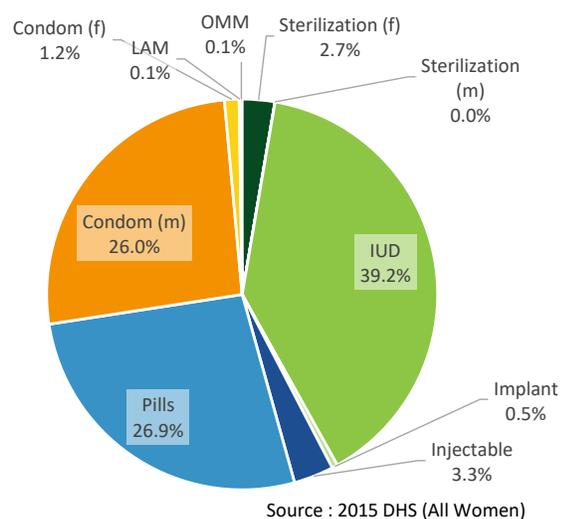
193,000

unsafe abortions averted

2,700

maternal deaths averted

Modern Contraceptive Method Mix



Data recency: color indicates year of most recent data used to inform estimates

- New : After 2017
- Recent : 2012 to 2017
- Old : Prior to 2012

Note: the population for all indicators is all women of reproductive age (15-49) unless otherwise noted.

Data sourced from FP2030 2022 Measurement Report